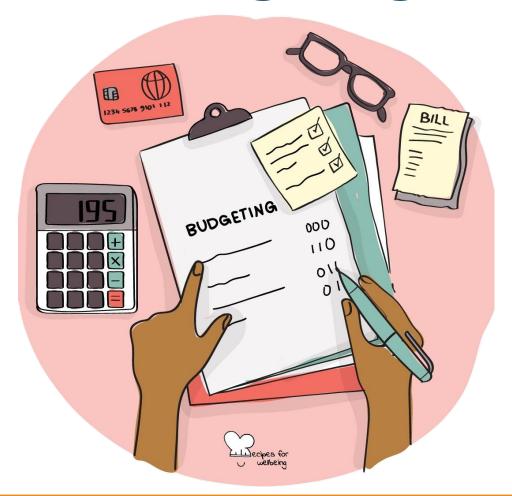


Budgeting Matters

A Component of BestPrep's Financial Matters Program

Why does budgeting matter?



Why Budget?



See where your money comes from

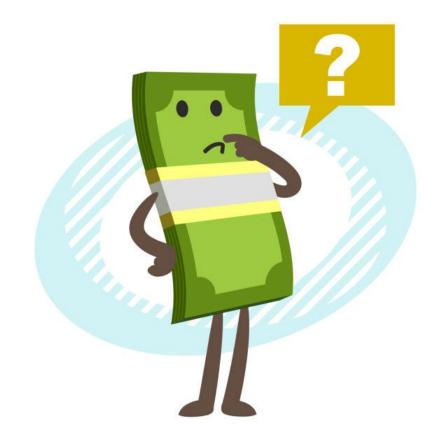


See where your money is going

These are your expenses

Sources of Income

How do you get money?



Sources of Income

- How do you get money?
 - Part-time job (retail, food)
 - Self-employment (babysitting, lawn mowing)
 - Allowance (Spending Minutes)
 - Gifts (birthdays, special occasions, etc.)









Budgeting Expenses

What expenses are included in a monthly budget?

- Entertainment
- Cell Phone
- Internet
- Savings

- Clothes
- Subscriptions
- Food and Snacks











Why is budgeting important?

- Tracks how much you are currently spending
- Consider/Understand your needs and wants
- Determine how much you can spend in the future
- Figure out how much money you can save
- Reach your financial goals (Long term or short term)



Setting Financial Goals

Short-Term Goals: 1-3 Years

- New cell phone
- New shoes
- Prom
- Concert ticket
- Household expenses



Intermediate Goals: 3-6 Years

- College/Trade School
- Car
- Vacation
- Rent & security deposit



Long-Term Goals: 5+ Years

- Begin saving for a home purchase
- Start saving for retirement



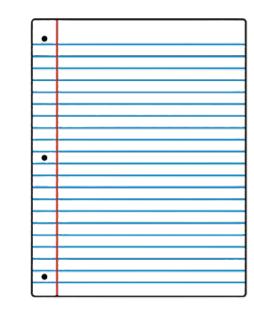




Setting Financial Goals

1. Jot down 2-3 of your goals on a sheet of paper, post it note, etc.







Needs vs Wants

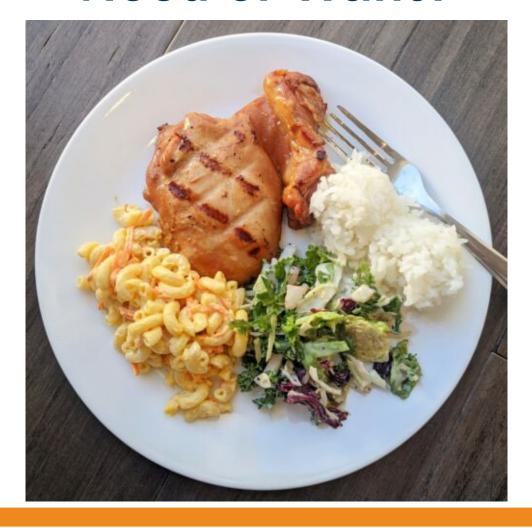
Is what you're buying a need or a want?

- What is a need?
- What is a want?

Activity: Items will be listed on the next few slides.

- Stand if it is a need.
- Sit if it is a want.



















Let's look at an example: Meet Sam

- Sam is an 11th grader.
- Sam is starting to think about senior year and needs a new cell phone.
- The new iPhone costs around \$1,400

Our financial goal is to have \$1,400 in one year, so Sam can buy a cell phone!

Make Smart Choices

Why should Sam think about maybe choosing a more cost-effective phone?









Sam's Starting Point

A personal financial statement establishes your financial worth. It tells you what you own and what you owe.

Balance Sheet	Total
Assets (Things you Own):	
Savings	\$200
Checking Account	\$70
Cash	\$15
Video Games	\$100
Clothes	\$75
Electronics Old iPhone	\$120
ASSETS SUBTOTAL	\$580
Liabilities (Things you Owe):	
Borrowed \$ from friend for movie	\$15

Liabilities (Things you Owe):	
Borrowed \$ from friend for movie Streaming services (Netflix, Disney,)	\$15
LIABILITIES SUBTOTAL	\$15
NET WORTH Assets Minus Liabilities	\$565

\$200 \$70 \$0 \$100 \$75 \$120 \$565	1.	We pay back our friend.
\$70 \$0 \$100 \$75 \$120 \$565 \$0		
\$0 \$100 \$75 \$120 \$565	\$2	00
\$100 \$75 \$120 \$565 \$0	\$7	0
\$75 \$120 \$565 \$0	\$0	
\$120 \$565 \$0	\$10	00
\$565 \$0	\$7	<u>5</u>
\$0	\$1	20
\$0	\$ 5	65
	ΨΟ	00
**	\$0	
	\$0	

\$ 0		
\$ 0		
\$565		

2. Sell ou	2. Sell our old iPhone		
\$320			
\$70			
\$0			
\$100			
\$75			
\$120			
\$565			

\$0		
\$0		
\$565		







How much money does Sam have to put toward the phone now?

- Sam has \$320 in savings and \$70 in checking
 \$320+\$70 = \$390
- But Sam wants to keep \$50 in their savings for emergencies

Sam has \$340 to put toward their new cell phone.

How much more should Sam save?

- The cell phone costs \$1,100
- How much more money is needed?\$1,100-\$340 = \$760 needed
- How much should Sam save per month to purchase a cell phone in a year?
 \$760/12 months = \$64 per month

To reach the financial goal, Sam needs to save \$64 each month!

INCOME:	Estimate Your Income
Wages/Income	\$450
Paycheck, Allowance, Birthday Money, etc.	
Interest Income	\$1
From Savings Account	A 1 = 1
INCOME SUBTOTAL	\$451
EXPENSES:	Estimate Your Expenses
Savings	
Savings Account	\$10
Bills	
Rent/Mortgage	\$0
Utilities	\$20
Electric, Cell Phone, etc.	
Groceries/Snacks	\$30
Car	
Car Payment	\$0
Car Insurance	\$76
Gasoline	\$60
Shopping/Dining	
Clothes	\$40
Eating Out	\$50
Fun	
Entertainment	\$75
Movies, Video Games, Bowling, Etc.	
EXPENSES SUBTOTAL	\$361
NET INCOME	\$90
Income Minus Expenses	430
Indome Minus Expenses	

INCOME:	Estimate Income	Adjusted Income
Wages/Income Paycheck, Allowance, Birthday Money, etc.	\$450.00	\$475.00
Interest Income From Savings Account	\$1.00	\$1.00
INCOME SUBTOTAL	\$451.00	\$416.00

EXPENSES:	Estimate Expenses	Adjusted Expenses
Savings		
Savings Account	\$10.00	\$10.00
Bills		
Rent/Mortgage	\$0.00	\$0.00
Utilities Electric, Cell Phone, etc.	\$0.00	\$0.00
Groceries/Snacks	\$30.00	\$14.00
Car		
Car Payment	\$0.00	\$0.00
Car Insurance	\$76.00	\$76.00
Gasoline	\$130.00	\$136.00
Shopping/Dining		
Clothes	\$50.00	\$35.00
Eating Out	\$50.00	\$70.00
Fun		
Entertainment Movies, Video Games, Bowling, Etc.	\$75.00	\$90.00
EXPENSES SUBTOTAL	\$361.00	\$431.00
NET INCOME Income Minus Expenses	\$90.00	\$44.00

Keeping up
with your
budget:
Estimated
vs. Adjusted









Opportunity Arises!

- A friend asks Sam to go to a concert
 - Tickets to the concert are \$150
- How can we adjust Sam's budget so Sam can attend the concert?

Find a partner to adjust Sam's budget worksheet.



Category	Planned Budget	Adjusted Budget
INCOME:	Estimate Your Income	Income
Wages/Income	\$450	\$450
Paycheck, Allowance, Birthday Money, etc.		
Interest Income	\$1	\$1
From Savings Account		
INCOME SUBTOTAL	\$451	\$451

EXPENSES:	Estimate Your Expenses	Expenses
Savings		
Savings Account	\$10	\$10
Bills		
Rent/Mortgage	\$0	\$0
Utilities	\$0	\$0
Electric, Cell Phone, etc.		
Groceries/Snacks	\$30	?
Car		
Car Payment	\$0	\$0
Car Insurance	\$76	\$76
Gasoline	\$130	?
Shopping/Dining		
Clothes	\$50	?
Eating Out	\$50	?
Fun		
Entertainment	\$150	?
Movies, Video Games, Bowling, Etc.		
EXPENSES SUBTOTAL	\$436	\$421
NET INCOME	\$15	\$30
Income Minus Expenses	ФТО	

What decisions did you make?

- Where did you cut expenses?
- Why did you make that decision?
 - Opportunity Cost?



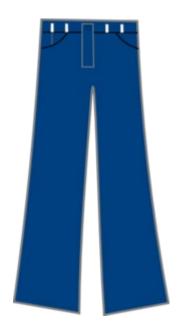
After the concert....

 Was it worth \$150 and the things you gave up?

Opportunity Cost

Opportunity cost is the cost of forgoing one item in pursuit of another

- The opportunity cost of going to the concert was the sum of the other items or activities you gave up.
- It is not a bad thing to buy wants.













After a year of budgeting, Sam can buy the cell phone!

- Sam has saved enough money to buy the cell phone
- Because Sam always paid herself first, Sam has increased her net worth
- Sam left \$50 in her emergency savings and continued to set aside \$10/month, a best financial practice







How can you be better at budgeting?



Personal Financial Statement

Balance Sheet	Before saving for cell phone	After buying a cell phone
Assets (Things you Own):		
Savings/Checking Accounts Paycheck, Allowance, Birthday Money, etc.	\$390	\$170
Video Games	\$100	\$100
Clothes	\$75	\$75
Electronics New cell phone	\$0	\$300
ASSETS SUBTOTAL	\$565	\$645
Liabilities (Things you Owe):		
Borrowed \$ from friend for movie	\$0	\$0
LIABILITIES SUBTOTAL	\$0	\$0
NET WORTH Assets Minus Liabilities	\$565	\$645



What can you do NOW?

- Set financial goals
- Create your spending plan (budget)
- Recognize needs vs. wants
- Track your income and expenses
- Adjust your budget as needed. Keep it up-todate!
- Make your own personal financial statement (balance sheet)

Take this handout and practice at home!





Student Survey



Thank You!

BestPrep gratefully acknowledges the financial and volunteer support provided by Foundation for Financial Planning and the Financial Planning Association of Minnesota to offer the Financial Matters PowerPoint series of Money Matters, Budgeting Matters, Credit Matters and Investing Matters









